### МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОХОРОНИ ЗДОРОВ'Я УКРАЇНИ ВИЩИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ НАВЧАЛЬНИЙ ЗАКЛАД УКРАЇНИ «БУКОВИНСЬКИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ МЕДИЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ»



### МАТЕРІАЛИ

101 - i

підсумкової наукової конференції професорсько-викладацького персоналу Вищого державного навчального закладу України «БУКОВИНСЬКИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ МЕДИЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ» 10, 12, 17 лютого 2020 року

УДК 001:378.12(477.85) ББК 72:74.58 М 34

Матеріали 101 — ї підсумкової наукової конференції професорськовикладацького персоналу вищого державного навчального закладу України «Буковинський державний медичний університет» (м. Чернівці, 10, 12, 17 лютого 2020 р.) — Чернівці: Медуніверситет, 2020. — 488 с. іл.

ББК 72:74.58

Загальна редакція: професор Бойчук Т.М., професор Іващук О.І., доцент Безрук В.В.

Наукові рецензенти: професор Братенко М.К. професор Булик Р.€. професор Гринчук Ф.В. професор Давиденко І.С. професор Дейнека С.Є. професор Денисенко О.І. професор Заморський I.I. професор Колоскова О.К. професор Коновчук В.М. професор Пенішкевич Я.І. професор Сидорчук Л.П. професор Слободян О.М. професор Ткачук С.С. професор Тодоріко Л.Д. професор Юзько О.М. професор Годованець О.І.

ISBN 978-966-697-843-4

<sup>©</sup> Буковинський державний медичний університет, 2020



#### Garvasiuk OV.

## STUDY OF PROLIFERATIVE PROCESSES IN CASE OF IRON DEFICIENCY OF PREGNANCY AND PRETERM MATURATION OF THE PLACENTAL CHORIONIC TREE

Department of Pathological Anatomy Higher State Educational Establishment of Ukraine "Bukovinian State Medical University"

Investigation of the regulation processes concerning the number of cells is essential to specify the mechanisms of preterm maturation of the chorionic placental tree and preterm labour, that was carried out for the first time in case of iron deficiency anemia of pregnancy. The diagnosis of preterm maturing of the chorionic tree is based on finding the fact of its preterm structure as compared to the parameters of a certain gestation period, which can be calculated on the percentage of various types of chorial villi. Preterm maturing of the chorionic tree is found in the samples after abortions and during preterm labour.

58 placentas were examined. The following groups of the study were formed: The group №1- the examination of combined iron deficiency anemia and preterm maturation of the chorionic tree in 29-32 weeks of gestation. The group №2 – the examination of preterm maturation of the chorionic tree without anemia in labour in 29-32 weeks of gestation. The group №3 - physiological pregnancy (37 - 40 weeks of gestation). The placental tissue was fixed in phosphate buffered neutral 10% formalin solution with further preparing paraffin blocks. By means of a sliding microtome the cuts were made 5 micrometers thick keeping to appropriate requirements. The number of Ki-67-positive nuclei was calculated in per mille. Statistically significant were differences with p≤0,05.

The results are displayed in Table.

Table

Groups	Number of examined placentas	Ki-67-positive nuclei (‰)
The group 1- the examination of combined iron deficiency anemia and preterm maturation of the chorionic tree in 29-32 weeks of gestation	18	68±1,4
The group 2 – the examination of preterm maturation of the chorionic tree without anemia in labour in 29-32 weeks of gestation	19	32±1,1
The group 3 - physiological pregnancy (37 - 40 weeks of gestation)	21	3±0,1

Thus, iron deficiency anemia of pregnancy and preterm maturation of the chorionic tree both separately and in their combination result in intensification of proliferation processes in the placental chorionic villous trophoblast.

#### Ilika V.V.

# IMMUNOHISTOCHEMICAL STUDY OF PROCESSES OF CELL PROLIFERATION OF THE PLACENTA IN ACUTE CHORIONAMNIONITIS IN COMBINATION WITH IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA

Department of Pathomorphology Higher State Educational Establishment of Ukraine Bukovinian State Medical University

The study of oxidative stress at the cellular level showed that the effect of the same oxidizing agent (e.g., H2O2) on proliferating cells leads to a wide range of cellular responses, such as proliferation, differentiation, migration, and cell death. We previously highlighted the results of a chemiluminescent study of nitroperoxide in the inflammation foci of the chorionic and basal plates of the placenta in pregnant women with iron deficiency anemia (IDA), a histochemical study of the processes of oxidative modification of proteins, and an immunohistochemical study of apoptosis. In order to comprehensively understand the effect of free radical processes on the morphology of the